Claims

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- 1. A method of processing distorted short-term speech spectra for automatic speech recognition, comprising:
 - a) providing a set of reference speech spectra;
 - b) determining the reference speech spectra which correspond to the distorted short-term speech spectra;
 - c) estimating a frequency response taking into account both the distorted short-term speech spectra and the corresponding reference speech spectra; and
 - d) compensating the distorted short-term speech spectra based on the estimated frequency response.
- 2. The method according to claim 1, further comprising analyzing the distorted speech spectra by means of a speech/non-speech decision and performing steps b), c) and d) of claim 1 only with respect to the distorted speech spectra which contain speech.
- 3. The method according to claim 1, wherein the distorted speech spectra are compensated in the spectral domain or in any domain that can be derived from the spectral domain by a linear transformation.
- 4. The method according to claim 1,
 wherein the set of reference speech spectra is obtained
 from speech data subject to a known frequency response or
 subject to low distortion.
- 5. The method according to claim 1,
 wherein the reference speech spectra corresponding to the
 distorted speech spectra are determined by finding the
 reference speech spectra closest to the distorted speech
 spectra.

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- 6. The method according to claim 1, wherein the set of reference speech spectra is constituted by model speech spectra from which reference models for automatic speech recognition are built.
- 7. The method according to claim 6, wherein the reference speech spectra corresponding to the distorted speech spectra are determined by finding the one or more reference models matching a sequence of distorted speech spectra and by analyzing which model speech spectra matches the distorted speech spectra.
- 8. The method according to claim 1, wherein for the purpose of determining the reference speech spectra corresponding to the distorted speech spectra the distorted speech spectra are compensated based on a previously estimated frequency response.
- 9. The method according to claim 1, wherein the frequency response is estimated based on the difference between the distorted speech spectra and the corresponding reference speech spectra.
- 10. The method according to claim 9,
 wherein the frequency response is estimated by averaging
 the differences over a plurality of distorted short-term
 speech spectra and the corresponding reference speech
 spectra.
- 30 11. The method according to claim 1, wherein a sequence of distorted speech spectra is compensated based on the frequency response estimated for a previous sequence of distorted speech spectra.
- 35 12. The method according to claim 1, further comprising smoothing the frequency response estimated for a sequence of distorted speech spectra taking

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into account the frequency response estimated for a previous sequence of distorted speech spectra.

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- The method according to claim 1, 13. further comprising compensating for additive noise in the distorted speech spectra prior to determining the reference speech spectra.
- A method of processing distorted short-term speech spectra to be used for automatic speech recognition, comprising:
 - providing a set of reference speech spectra; a)
 - obtaining distorted speech spectra and analyzing the b) distorted speech spectra by means of a speech/nonspeech decision to filter out the distorted speech spectra that do not contain speech;
 - searching the set of reference speech spectra to C) determine the reference speech spectra which correspond to the distorted speech spectra that have not been filtered out;
 - estimating a frequency response by comparing the disd) torted speech spectra and the corresponding reference speech spectra; and
 - compensating the distorted speech spectra using the e) frequency response estimated in step d).
- A computer program product comprising program code portion for performing in an automatic speech recognition system the steps of:
 - providing a set of reference speech spectra; a)
 - determining the reference speech spectra which correb) spond to distorted short-term speech spectra;
 - estimating a frequency response taking into account C) both the distorted short-term speech spectra and the corresponding reference speech spectra; and
 - compensating the distorted short-term speech spectra d) based on the estimated frequency response.

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- 16. The computer program product of claim 15, stored on a computer readable recording medium.
- 17. A device for processing distorted short-term speech spectra for automatic speech recognition, comprising
 - a database for reference speech spectra;
 - a processing stage for determining the reference speech spectra corresponding to the distorted short-term speech spectra and for estimating a frequency response taking into account both the distorted short-term speech spectra and the corresponding reference speech spectra;
 - a compensation unit for compensating the distorted short-term speech spectra based on the estimated frequency response.
- 18. The device according to claim 17, further comprising a buffer for temporarily storing the estimated frequency response.
- 19. A terminal comprising a speech analyzing stage having
 - storing means for storing a set of reference speech spectra;
 - processing means for searching the storing means to determine the reference speech spectra that correspond to distorted short-term speech spectra generated within the terminal, and for estimating a frequency response taking into account both the distorted short-term speech spectra and the corresponding reference speech spectra; and
 - compensation means for compensating the distorted short-term speech spectra based on the estimated frequency response.

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- 20. A distributed speech recognition system comprising:
 - a) at least one terminal with
 - storing means for storing a set of reference speech spectra;
 - processing means for searching the storing means to determine the reference speech spectra that correspond to distorted short-term speech spectra generated within the terminal, and for estimating a frequency response taking into account both the distorted short-term speech spectra and the corresponding reference speech spectra; and
 - compensation means for compensating the distorted short-term speech spectra based on the estimated frequency response; and
 - b) a network server with central speech recognition means.